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Virginia Gazette

AND

WEEKLY ADVERTISER.

RICHMOND: PRINTED BY THOMAS NICOLSON.

RICHMOND, January 29, 1787.

THE buſineſs in which I am concerned requiring my removal to Norfolk in the ſpring, thoſe perſons who have any accounts to ſettle with me will call and do it before that time, and thoſe who fail paying the balances due me or the late concern of William Pennock, and Co. will have their bonds, &c. put into the hands of an attorney without further notice from WILLIAM PENNOCK.

Miſſing ſince the FIRE,

A Small TRUNK, containing ſundry papers belonging to the late concern of William Pennock, and Co. the perſon returning it ſhall receive ten dollars reward.

W. P.

RICHMOND, January 10, 1787.

IN conſequence of the late calamitous fire in this city we find ourſelves compelled to call on ſuch of our friends, as ſtand indebted to us for immediate payment Setting aſide the diſpoſition which they muſt feel, to aſſiſt us in our preſent ſituation, the very long indulgence which has heretofore been given, to thoſe in our debt, will we are ſatisfied call for their utmoſt exertions, and will likewiſe apologize for our determination, indiſcriminately to commence ſuit againſt ſuch as are delinquent.——Our buſineſs for the preſent is tranſacted in the new houſe on the main ſtreet leading up to the capital. The houſes formerly under our occupation, will be in a very ſhort time repaired, when we ſhall open a ſtore as uſual, with a freſh and ſeaſonable aſſortment of goods.

We have left on hand a variety of mahogany furniture, a few handſome ſecond hand carriages, a quantity of rum, ſalt, bar iron, porter, and cheeſe, hardware, &c. Which we will ſell cheap for ready money.

PENNOCK, NICOLSON, & SKIPWITH.

To be SOLD, for READY MONEY,

At Glouceſter courthouſe, on Monday the 5th of March, by virtue of a deed of truſt to Charles Tomkies,

15 choice Virginia-born SLAVES,

belonging to the eſtate of Doctor Thomas Clayton, deceaſed.

FRANCIS WILLIS, Aſſignee of CHARLES TOMKIES.

Fifty Pounds Reward.

LOST

OUT of the houſe of the ſubſcribers on Monday morning, a ſmall black leather trunk, with eighty two pounds in caſh, fifteen hundred dollars in indents, one handred and five pounds in militia certificates, twenty five pounds ſixteen ſhillings in intereſt warrants, which in the time of the fire, it is ſuppoſed was carried to another houſe. Whoever will deliver the ſaid trunk, ſhall receive the above reward.

ISAAC & JOSEPH MORDICAI.

Richmond, January 10.

WILLIAMSBURG, Nov. 10, 1786.

INFORMATION is given to the public, that the GRAMMAR SCHOOL in the city of Williamſburg, is now under the direction of the Rev. Mr. BRACKEN; board and lodging in the Capitol will be diſcontinued, but may be had in private houſes on reaſonable terms. The languages, writing and arithmetic will be taught, and the terms will be two pounds five ſhillings per quarter, to be paid in advance.

☞ Thoſe who chooſe to learn the

FRENCH LANGUAGE,

May have an opportunity of doing it.

NOW SELLING

AT T. NICOLSON'S OFFICE.

The Virginia Almanack,

For the Year 1787.

FOR SALE,

Or exchaaged for a ſmaller Veſſel,

THE BRIGANTINE

BATCHELOR,

Burthen 300 Hogſheads,

Now lying at Portſmouth. The terms may be known by applying to Captain Stephen Hookey on board, or

RICHARD BAKER.

SOUTH QUAY, Jan. 18, 1787.

FOR SALE,

Thirty acres of LAND,

Together or in LOTTS,

As may beſt ſuit purchaſers—Agreeably ſituated on the main road leading to Williamſburg, one mile from this city.—For terms apply to

Richmond, Feb. 1, 1787. J. GLYNN.

FOR SALE,

About three hundred and fifty ACRES of

LAND,

Part of the tract on which I lately lived with the

HOUSES AND IMPROVEMENTS,

Within a mile of YORK TOWN.

THE ſuperior quality of the land is ſo generally known that I need not be particular in the diſcription of it. The buildings are an overſeers houſe, kitchen, quarter, and other out houſes. A branch divides the land almoſt equally and affords ten or twelve acres of very fine unimproved meadow ground and ſeveral ſprings of very fine water on both ſides. I will ſell the land on either ſide the branch ſeperate, or the whole together, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. I will alſo ſell one third part of a ſituation for a mill within a mile and a half of the town. Poſſeſſion will be given for one part of the land and ſituation for the mill immediately, and for the other part of the land the firſt day of next January. Twelve months credit will be given, on the purchaſers giving bond with approved ſecurity.

LAWRENCE SMITH.

JANUARY 18, 1787.

FOR GLASGOW,

The ſhip CUNNINGHAM,

JAMES PATTERSON, Maſter.

A ſtrong, tight, well found Britiſh built veſſel, burthen about four hundred and ſixty hhds. will take tobacco on freight with liberty of conſignment, at thirty ſhillings ſtirling per hogſhead; part of her load is engaged. Apply to William Mitchell, in Richmond, James Lyle, in Manchester, or the Captain in board at Bermuda Hundred.

FEBRUARY 5, 1787.

RICHMOND, January 23, 1787.

THE ſubſcriber wiſhing to diſcharge his debts as ſoon as poſſible will ſell a tract of 363 acres of valuable tobacco and meadow land on James river, in Goochland county, about 36 miles from Richmond. Alſo his right and intereſt in a location on a large body of land lying from 7 or 8 to 12 or 15 miles from the Ohio river, on a large creek emptying into the Ohio on the eaſtern ſide 6 miles above the mouth of Scioto; which lands if not before diſpoſed of, will be offered for ſale at Mr. William Roſe's, in this city, on the firſt Monday in March next, being Henrico court day. For further prrticulars inquire of the Honourable William Fleming, in the upper end of Cheſterfield, or to CHARLES FLEMING.

The Copartnerſhip of LOW & ANDERSON,

Being diſſolved the 31ſt of Dec. laſt.

IT is requeſted by them, that all thoſe indebted prior to that date will apply and ſettle their accounts immediately with the ſubſcribers, as no indulgence can be given after the laſt day of March next.

DAVID LOW.
MATHEW ANDERSON.

Williamſburg, Feb. 14, 1787.

POWHATAN, January 23, 1787.

I HAVE for ſale 800 acres of LAND lying on Appamattox river, near Jenito bridge, and 28 miles from Richmond, it extends along the ſaid river about three miles, whereof there is ſuppoſed to be 300 acres of the firſt rate low grounds. There is a good dwelling houſe and all neceſſary out houſes on the premiſes.——Alſo 600 acres adjoining the ſaid land, lying on Jenito creek, of excellent quality for tobacco. Poſſeſſion may be had immediately.---The lands will be ſhewn and the terms made known by

GEORGE WILLIAMSON.

FOR SALE,

And poſſeſſion given in November next.

A beautiful Seat

On JAMES RIVER,

Two miles below *Cobham*,

In Surry county.

THE ſituation and proſpect of this ſeat, is equal to any in this ſtate. The tract of land contains by ſurvey 501 acres, there is on the plantation, a large and commodious dwelling houſe, a new granery, with three rooms below and one above, two new well built, and conſtructed ſtables, kitchen, ſmoak-houſe, dairy, and many other convenient houſes. Alſo an overſeer's houſe, with 2 rooms below and 2 above, and a kitchen. The ſoil of the land is equal to any in this part of the country; there is juſt reclaimed 30 acres of meadow land, equal in quality to any in the world, by reputable judges, alſo as many more acres, that plantation will have the uſe of ſeven years.—It is neceſſary to mention that this plantation has the advantage, of as good a garden as any on the ſouth ſide of James river, and every other advantage that any other ſeat has. I think unneceſſary to paſs any encomiums on the above ſeat, however deſerving of them it may be, as I preſume no perſon would purchaſe without firſt viewing the premiſes. One half the purchaſe money to be paid on taking poſſeſſion of the land, the ballance to be divided into two annual payments, on giving bond and approved ſecurity. Should any perſon wiſh to purchaſe and have poſſecton immediately, I ſhould have no objection to give it up, on receiving one fourth of the purchaſe money, and the ballance of half the whole amount in November next. To accommodate the purchaſer, I would take boys, young fellows, and certificates in part pay. JAMES ALLEN BRADBY.

January 22, 1787.

To be Rented

For one, or LEASED for three years,

A DWELLING HOUSE,

ON the back ſtreet, with a good garden, kitchen, and all other neceſſary out houſes, lately occupied by the ſubſcriber.

I have alſo a houſe and lot, which I would rent or ſell, lately occupied as a ſhop by Mr. Robert Gilbert. This lot I would ſell cheap for part caſh, and give an undoubted title. For terms apply to

GABRIEL GALT.

Richmond January 3, 1787.

The remaining warrants for the fourth years intereſt on

Military Certificates

Which have been regiſtered at the Treaſury agreeably to law will be paid off on application.

J. AMBLER.

Treaſury Office, December 12, 1786.

VENICE, November 4.

THE advices received from our fleet mention, that from the 28th of September to the 26th of October, they have bombarded Suez without intermiſſion, inſomuch that the place is almoſt deſtroyed and abandoned by the greateſt part of its inhabitants. We are in daily expectation of receiving the particulars of that buſineſs.

LONDON, *September* 9.

A SHOEMAKER and his apprentice in Long-lane, Smithfield, having ſome words on Monday evening laſt, the maſter accuſed the latter of ſome diſhoneſty, and concluded by ſaying, "You villian, you will certainly die with your ſhoes on;" which the poor boy took ſo much to heart, that he was found next morning hanging in all his cloaths except ſhoes, and apparently had been dead ſeveral hours.

October 14. Laſt Wedneſday night, at eleven o'clock, a fire happened at Mr. W. Barnes's, the Red-Lion, in Faverſham. It broke out in a chamber in which a child of Mr. Barnes's, about four years old, was ſleeping. The bed was nearly conſumed before it was diſcovered, and in a few minutes the houſe muſt have been in flames. The deſtruction would probably have been great, as the wind was extremely high. There being many people in the houſe, it was ſoon happily prevented, but the child was ſo much injured that it expired on Friday. This accident is ſaid to have happened by the ſpark of a candle falling on the bed. Care ſhould be always taken never to carry a candle with a long ſnuff to it. Many a fire has happened from inattentions of this; and therefore too much caution cannot be uſed in this reſpect. Small neglects are often productive of the moſt ſerious conſequences.

Extract of a letter from Edinburgh, Nov. 24.

"In digging near where the ancient palace of Scoon ſtands, the workmen lately diſcovered upwards of twenty ſtone coffins, near eight feet below the ſurface, in which were depoſited entire ſkeletons, one of which was larger than any of the reſt, and ſuppoſed to meaſure near eight feet in length. Another ſkeleton of about ſix feet in length, had over it a ſtone, with the following latin inſcription, "Pro Amma Willie de Haiia," in Saxon characters, upon the top of which is cut a large ſword and ſhield, not unlike the form of thoſe ſwords and ſhields uſed in the age of ſir William Wallace. Upon another of the ſtones was alſo an inſcription. Near the above ſpot, and not far from the foundation of the old monaſtry, were alſo found, in digging, upwards of 20 ſilver, copper and braſs Scots coins, which are at preſent in the poſſeſſion of Mr. Teal, at Scoon, for the inſpection of the curious."

A few days ago, a poor woman in St. Giles's workhouſe, finding herſelf draw near her end, earneſtly deſired to be conveyed to a lodging which ſhe formerly occupied in Dyot ſtreet, where ſhe expreſſed a wiſh to breathe her laſt The requeſt was complied with and in a few hours after her arrival ſhe paid the debt of nature. Two women agreed to ſit up with the corpſe, and had been about two hours in the employment, when a couple of men came up ſtairs, under pretence of enquiring after the deceaſed, and without much entreaty perſuaded the girls to drink till they were in a ſtate of intoxication. Their ſurpriſe was not little when they awoke, to find that the fellows had decamped, and that the body of their quondam acquaintance was alſo miſſing.

Nov. 23. According to letters from Ratiſbon, there has been a conference between the eccleſiaſtical Princes of the Empire, in which ſome attended in perſon, others by proxy. The three points which they debated, were: 1ſt. The withdrawing from the juriſdiction of the Pope's nuncio—2d. To digeſt the complaints of the German nation againſt the holy ſee; to carry them to the chief of the empire; and to claim his protection to re eſtabliſh them in their ancient rights.—3d. To make new regulations for the church diſcipline. On adjuſting the concluſion of the conference, the Princes ſent a meſſenger to Rome.

Nov. 29. The following queſtions we are informed, will be brought forward early in the approaching ſeſſion of the Iriſh parliament:

A tax upon the abſentees of Ireland—The propriety of protecting duties—An explanation of the navigation act—An addreſs to the King upon the Portugal buſineſs—The India trade—The limitation of the penſion liſt—The excluſion of placemen and penſioners from the houſe of commons—A repeal of the hearth money tax—A parliamentary reform, and a commutation of tythes.

Dr. O'Leary's letter to the white boys, is on all hands allowed to be a powerful and nervous protection on the occaſion. It contains thoſe convincing arguments, that forcible reaſoning, that ſtrength of ſtyle, and generous current of humanity, which marks the man of genious, and the candid paſtor.—If the reſt of the clergy were half ſo earneſt in forwarding the cauſe of peace and good order, the eſtabliſhed church would have little cauſe to complain, and the Roman Catholic prieſthood find a better eſtabliſhment.

Dec. 7. A memorial from ſeveral merchants in the Mediterranean trade, has been lately preſented to government, praying a better protection of their trade againſt the depredations of the veſſels belonging to the ſtates of Barbary.

A letter from Barcelona, ſays, the regency of Algiers has quarrelled with the Danes, or is ſeeking a quarrel with them; and nobody here will, for the preſent, have any thing to do with that flag, either in loading or inſuring.

On Wedneſday morning, at 12 o'clock, ſir Thomas Halifax, and the committee of Aldermen, in which number were included the four city members and two ſheriffs, ſelected at the meeting at Guildhall, on Tueſday laſt, waited on Mr. Pitt, at his houſe in Downing-ſtreet, in order to induce him to expunge, or alter the 18th article of the commercial treaty, which palpably infringes the charter of the city, by totally annihilating package, bailage, and the rights of the fellowſhip porters, free watermen, and ſeveral other perſons employed in the import and export of merchandize. After much reaſoning and converſation, the only ſatisfaction this truly reſpectable deputation could obtain from the Miniſter, was the ambiguous anſwer, "That although the infringement at the time of the negociation of the treaty was not known to adminiſtration, yet even at this advanced period of the buſineſs, he would lay the requiſition before the council, and uſe his influence to have the evil complained of remedied."

The farmers-general laſt year, at the inſtance of the French Miniſter, entered into a treaty with the ſtates of Virginia and Maryland, to take off their hands, as much tobacco, as they chooſe to ſupply at the following prices: For the tobacco of James and York rivers, 40 livres per hundred; for the Rappahannock, 35 livres, and for Patowmack and Maryland 30 livres. This circumſtance, with the failure of the laſt crop in Virginia, will no doubt raiſe this article very conſiderably at the London market.

The late crop of tobacco in Virginia, produced two thouſand hogſheads leſs than laſt year. This we aſſert to be a preciſe eſtimate of the deficiency.

A letter from Toulon, dated Nov. 13, ſays, "His Majeſty's ſhip Orpheus, in her way from Cadiz, hath taken and brought in here, an Algerine galley, mounting 36 guns. The conteſt did not laſt long; by it, however, ten of the pirates were killed, and ſeveral deſperately wounded, without the Orpheus loſing a ſingle man. The wounded Algerines are now in the hands of the ſurgeons, till their recovery enables them to be turned over to the gallies, there to tug at the oar with the other ſlaves. The Algerine commander has been promiſed his liberty, and that of all the crew, if he could prevail on the Dey to treat in the ſame manner ſome of the French ſubjects now detained in ſlavery at Algiers. The captured ſhip proves a very rich prize, there being on board a conſiderable cargo of valuable goods, together with a large ſum of gold, which thoſe pirates had, no doubt, taken from ſome Portugueſe. Both the officers and men ſeem to be of a ferocious and untameable nature; they remain in irons till they are ſent on board his Majeſty's gallies."

A letter from New York, via France, dated Nov. 1, ſays, "Mr. Temple, the Engliſh Plenipotentiary, is to exchange, on the 4th of this month, ſome articles of commerce, which Congreſs and his Excellency have mutually agreed ſhould be the baſis of a ſyſtem to ſubſiſt between Great Britain and America; they are to be ratified between the Engliſh miniſtry and Mr. Adams in London."

A letter from Alicant, dated November 16, ſays, "A few days ago two American gentlemen with their attendants, arrived here from America, and embarked for Algiers. Their buſineſs is to endeavour to negociate a treaty of peace with that power. It is reported, they have conſiderable and advantageous offers to make the Dey, beſides many rich preſents. Theſe gentlemen are ſaid to be poſſeſſed of the greateſt abilities, and from their behaviour here, it is ſincerely wiſhed by moſt people they may ſucceed; yet many politicians think they will meet with no better ſucceſs than the former negociators, as that arbitrary and deſpotic Prince ſeems inflexible in his exorbitant demands."

On Tueſday evening a pretty numerous meeting of the gentlemen of the long robe, was held at Earl Mansfield's, in order to take into conſideration the growth of the alarming crime of perjury, which is grown ſo very riſe in the courts of juſtice, ſo as to threaten the moſt dangerous conſequences; when it was determined that nothing ſhort of capital puniſhment was ſufficient to deter perſons from the commiſſion of this crime; and it was accordingly generally agreed, that a bill be prepared, ready to be introduced into parliament next ſeſſions, as ſoon as poſſible after the meeting of the houſes, to make perjury, &c. capital offence, puniſhable with death.

DUBLIN, September 18.

AS the public of Great-Britain and Ireland, as well as on the continent, are pretty well ſurfeited with ballooning, a new project for ſailing on land has been ſet on foot by a citizen of Lyons in France, which bids fair for equal ſucceſs in the experiment, and more utility in the practice. This machine, which has had ſeveral trials and amendments within the laſt month, is deſcribed to be in the form of a Chineſe proa, high at the extremities, and low in the gunwale and middle deck, and about ſixteen feet long by ſeven and a quarter broad. To the bottom or keel a fixed number of wheels, ſupported by and moving on their proper axis. The rudder communicates with a ſquare box made faſt to the poop, in which is incloſed the propelling power, whereby the veſſel is forced on either in a direct curve, or zig zag manner, ſo as to imitate the tacks of a boat on water. It is alſo furniſhed with a ſail, by means of which it can be driven by a fair wind at a conſiderable rate on ground tolerably level, but can ſcarce move up hill with the help of wind and its own mechaniſm; the inventor is endeavouring to overcome this reſiſtance by an increaſe of the propelling power, which if he can effect, there is a cheap, ſafe and ſpeedy mode of travelling, without the expence of horſes, or the tediouſneſs of freſh water carriage.

BELFAST, October 27.

THERE is now living near Hamiltonſbawn, in the county of Armagh, a man, whoſe name is Daniel Cullen, aged 198 laſt March

There is beſides the old man Cullen, an old maiden at Hamiltonſbawn, aged 118, named Hannah Merchant, who is in perfect poſſeſſion of all her ſenſes, and has within theſe ſix years got an entire new ſet of teeth; ſhe can walk to any part of the pariſh.

KINGSTON, (Jamaica) Dec. 9.

CAPTAIN Wright, from Cork, on the 15th ult. ſpoke the brig Liſbon Packet, from Siertaleon, on the coaſt of Africa, bound to Madeira, in much diſtreſs for the want of proviſions, having been at ſea 54 days, and had then only two gallons of rice left, which induced Captain Wright to ſpare them what he thought neceſſary for their relief.

The above brig, which belonged to ſome merchants at Madeira, had been diſpatched to the coaſt for a cargo of ſlaves, to be carried to Charleſtown, South Carolina, but, on their arrival in Africa, they learnt, that the factor who was to have ſupplied the ſlaves had been murdered by the natives, ſo that the Captain was under the neceſſity of departing without his cargo.

MONTEGO-BAY, Dec. 23.

WE learn from Fort Frederick, on the coaſt of Africa, that the Guinea traders at that place, have refuſed to barter with the Americans, ſo that moſt of their ſhips are obliged to paſs for French ere they can procure cargoes.

The Viligant, Duncan, is cut off and run on ſhore by the ſlaves at Anamaboe, the Captain and ſecond mate killed.

RICHMOND, March 1.

Extract of a letter of good authority, dated New York, February 12, 1787.

I HAVE the pleaſure to aſſure you that the formidable inſurrection in Maſſachuſetts is in a fair train of being effectually and ſpeedily ſuppreſſed.

"General Lincoln informs me that he marched at 8 o'clock in the evening of the 3d inſtant with his force conſiſting of upwards of 3000 troops of all deſcriptions, and after a fatigueing march of 30 miles without halting but for a few moments part of it through a violent ſnow ſtorm, after which ſucceeded a ſevere cold, ſo that moſt of his men were frozen in different places and degrees, he completely ſurpriſed the inſurgents at Peterſham at 9 o'clock Sunday morning the 4th, and almoſt intirely diſperſed them; took 150 priſoners, the reſt fled in every direction. The leaders have eſcaped to New Hampſhire, and other ſtates.

A Diſcovery pro Bono Publico.——Nothing is ſo good for waſhing the hands in this cold weather as coarſe brown ſugar; it is infinitely preferable to all waſh hand balls, oatemeal, bran, coſmeric waters or powders, almond powder, and a thouſand other expenſive articles which are ſo loudly extolled, and which are only pick-pocket waſhes, in compariſon to this cheap and ſafe diſcovery. The others harden the ſkin and make it ſtiff and huſky; on the contrary, ſugar ſoftens the ſkin, and renders it ſilky and pliable. If ladies were to make trial of it for a week they would ſoon find its efficacy in whitening and ſoftening their delicate ſkins.

Arrived at Alexandria in twenty one days from Kingſton, Jamaica, the ſchooner Friendſhip, Captain Nathaniel Stowe, who informs that the report reſpecting an earthquake having lately happened in that iſland, is without the leaſt foundation.

SHIP NEWS.

Extract of a letter from London, Dec. 7, 1786.

"On the books at Lloyd's this morning we have accounts of the arrival of two Virginia ſhips, diſmaſted, as well as advice of other veſſels ſuffering by tempeſtuous weather in the weſtern ocean.

December 13. The brigantine Day, from Philadelphia to Amſterdam, is carried into Londonderry river in very great diſtreſs, ſaid to have been out near five months.

"The Neſtor, Robinſon, and Robert Ramſay, both of Virginia, in the Downs, wind bound, twelfth of December.

Put into Limerick about the begining of December laſt, the Fair American, Clark, from North Carolina, for Poole, with the loſs of his bow ſprit, top maſt, and ſails——and the St. Joſeph, Gordon, from Virginia for Briſtol, with the loſs of her ſails, and in a leaky condition, and muſt unload.

The Chriſtian, Earle, from North Carolina, is arrived at Cork.

The Friendſhip, Edmonſtone, from Virginia for London, is put into Limerick, in diſtreſs.

The Planter, Captain Stickney, from Virginia, is aſhore at Grenada, but expected to be got off by diſcharging part of her cargo.

Died, on Tueſday laſt, at his ſeat in Cheſterfield, the Hon. ARCHIBALD CARY, Eſq; Speaker of the Senate.

ARRIVALS AT NORFOLK.

Ship Golden Rule, Nicolſon, Whitehaven.
Le Couteux, Lymbain, Havre de Grace.
Brig Cæſar, Atkinſon, Whitehaven.
Dolphin, M'Cunn, Teneriffe.
Suſannah, Elliot, Martinico.

CLEARANCES.

Ship Emily, De Aubeon, Guernſey.
Brig Fame, Taylor, Antigua.
Peterſburg Packet, Stratton, St. Bartholemews.
Schooner Rachel, Howes, Newbern.
Nancy, Brown, Philadelphia.

GARDEN SEEDS, OF ALL KINDS.

THE ſubſcriber has brought over from France the following ſeeds, viz. Cabbage, coliflower, brocola, lettuce, radiſh, ſpinage, aſparagraſs, celery, parſley, carrots, beets, &c. &c. &c.

FLOWER SEEDS.

Hyacenths, jonquills, tulips, narceſſuſſes, tarcettes, tuberoſes, ranunculuſes, anemones, jeſſamins, carnations and roſes, &c. The liſt being too tedious to enumerate the whole in an advertiſement, I will refer to a printed catalogue which I have left with the printer, and with Mr. Ryley near the market, where the ſeeds may be had off

PETER BILLET.

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1787.

THE Executors of ARCHIBALD CARY, Eſq; deceaſed deſirous of making proviſion for the immediate payment of his debts, requeſt the favour of his creditors to tranſmit to Mr. Carter Page, at Amphill (Cheſter field county) the amount of their reſpective claims againſt the eſtate, and whether due by open account or ſpecialty—As an early communication from the creditors upon this ſubject will be of importance to themſelves, it is expected they will attend to it.

February 28, 1787.

Montgomeries, Henry, & Co.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED
A QUANTITY of
MUSCOVADO SUGARS,
Which they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable terms,
FOR CASH OR TOBACCO.
Richmond, Feb. 27, 1787.

Virginia to wit:

At a High Court of Chancery held in Richmond the 23th day of November 1786.

ROBERT MILLER, Plaintiff
againſt
WM. M'CLURE & WM. BARR, Defendants

THE defendant, Willam M'Clure, not having entered his appearance and given ſecurity according to the act of Aſſembly, and the rules of this Court, and it appearing to the ſatisfaction of the Court that he is not an inhabitant of this country. On the motion of the Plaintiff by his Counſel, it is ordered that the ſaid defendant do appear here on the firſt day of the next Court, and anſwer the bill of the Plaintiff, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inſerted in the Virginia Gazette for two months ſucceſſively, and publiſhed at Peterſburg Church, of the pariſh of Bri[illegible], in the county of Prince George, on ſome Sunday immediately after divine ſervice, and at the front door of the Court-houſe in the city of Richmond.

(A Copy)
JOHN BROWN, C. H. C. C.

MILL FARM, Feb. 15, 1787.

IN October or November next,
I ſhall leave this ſtate for ſome months or perhaps years, and as it is my wiſh, to leave no debt unpaid at my departure; I earneſtly intreat ſuch as are indebted to me, to make immediate payment, in which caſe I ſhall be enabled to do ample juſtice to my creditors; and if the few who to procraſtinate payment, have appealed to the General Court upon judgments obtained in the inferior Courts, will pay up the amount of ſaid judgments by the laſt day of May next, I will acquit them of the additional intereſt and damages allowed by law, and be content with common intereſt and coſts.

PEYTON SKIPWITH.

The beautiful thorough bred
HORSE
MEDLEY,
Lately imported from England,
Will ſtand the enſuing ſeaſon at Mount Proſpect, the Seat of
William H. Meacon, Eſq.
In Newkent county.

And will be let to MARES at 7 hundred weight of crop tobacco on York or James rivers, which may be diſcharged by the payment of three and a half guineas, and one dollar to the groom, before the firſt day of September next, good paſturage but not liable for accidents, or eſcapes. MALCOLM HART.
Louiſa, Feb. 24, 1787.

RICHMOND, Feb. 27, 1787.

THIS is to forewarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment of a bond given by me ſome time in January laſt, for eighteen pounds, to John Clarke, as I have a receipt in full againſt the ſaid bond.

JOHN BELL.

☞ The above bond is in the hands of Moſes Cardoza, Shoemaker in this city.
J. B.

Eight Dollars Reward.

Runaway from Rockingham county, in the middle of laſt Auguſt, a negro man named

PAUL,

HE is about five feet nine or ten inches high, walks with his toes very wide out, and rather knock-kneed, he is about twenty four years of age. Whoever will ſecure the ſaid negro in any jail within this Commonwealth, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable expences paid by

GASPAR HAINES.

February 22, 1787.

☞ *Notice is hereby given, that the Commiſſioners appointed for the purpoſe of aſcertaining and liquidating the loſſes ſuſtained by the owners of tobacco burnt at* BYRD's *warehouſes, will meet at Formicola's tavern on this day* MARCH 1, 1787.

TO BE SOLD.

On credit for ſix or eight months, for caſh, tobacco, corn, officers certificates, or bonds.

A FINE
FEARNOUGHT
BAY STUD
HORSE,
Fifteen hands high,

Five years old laſt ſpring, if not ſold by the laſt of March, I will let any gentleman have him at a good ſtand for this ſeaſon, apply to

JOHN HICKMAN.
King William County, Feb. 7, 1787.

To be Sold,

At public ſale on the 12th day of next month (if not diſpoſed of privately before that time) my

HOUSES & LOTS,
IN THIS CITY,
Whereon I now LIVE.
ALSO A QUANTITY OF
FURNITURE,
And other uſeful articles in a family.

The terms will be made eaſy to the purchaſer on giving bond with approved ſecurity, and immediate poſſeſſion given of the houſe and lots.

CHRISTIAN CAMPBELL.
Williamſburg, Feb. 15, 1787.

FOR SALE,
THE SUBSCRIBER's
HOUSES & LOT,
In the City of Williamſburg,
Formerly the property of Mr. THOMAS CARTWRIGHT.

THE dwelling houſe is a commodious building, having ſix rooms below ſtairs, with fire places and cloſets, and three rooms above ſtairs, with fire places alſo, good dry cellars, and all convenient out houſes, with a ſtable and carriage houſe, all in good repair, a large garden, newly incloſed, and a well of excellent water in the yard. Any perſon purchaſing the houſe, may, if agreeable, have the furniture at a reaſonable rate.

ALSO FOR SALE,
A neat ſingle CHAIR & HARNESS,
And a NEGRO FELLOW,
Who is a very good tailor. For terms apply to
JAMES DAVIS.

☞ I HAVE A FEW
BROAD-CLOTHS,
AND OTHER
DRY GOODS,
Which I will ſell cheap for
CASH OR TOBACCO.
J. D.

ALL perſons indebted to me, by bond or open account, are requeſted to make immediate payment, as no longer indulgence can be given; and thoſe who have demands againſt me, are deſired to make them known, that proviſion may be made for diſcharging them.

JAMES DAVIS.
Williamſburg, Jan 31, 1787.

☞ All perſons indebted to the Printer hereof, for gazettes, advertiſements, &c are requeſted to diſcharge their accounts as ſoon as poſſible. Thoſe who ſtand in arrears for gazettes for two years paſt will be diſcontinued, unleſs they immediately pay up and renew their ſubſcription.—A young lad, of reputable parents who can read and ſpell well, will be taken at this office as an apprentice to the printing buſineſs.

FOR SALE,
A few barrels of cyder.

To be Sold,
A Tract of LAND,

Containing 410 ACRES.
Lying in Cheſterfield County.

BETWEEN two and three miles from Manchester It is better ſtocked with pine and oak timber than any land in the neighbourhood. There is twenty or thirty acres of cleared land, and as fertile as any adjacent. For terms apply to the ſubſcriber at Warwick.

PETER BRANCH.
Cheſterfield, Feb. 17, 1787.

The noted Horſe
CELER,

THE property of Col. Ogilby of Amelia, ſtands this ſeaſon at my houſe in Prince Edward county, near Moore's ordinary, and will be let to mares at three pounds the ſeaſon, and 2s 6d the leap, the leap money to be paid down when the mares are covered.

Thoſe who put mares, muſt bring or ſend their notes payable the laſt of September next. The ſeaſon will expire the 10th of Auguſt. Good paſturage, gratis, but will not be liable for accidents or eſcapes

GEORGE REDD.
JANUARY 24, 1787.

To be Sold,

On the premiſes, at public auction, on Tueſday the 12th day of June, purſuant to a decree of the High Court of Chancery,

THE land whereon the late Col. Philip Rootes lived, pleaſantly ſituated on Mattapony river, in full view of the port of Delaware or Weſt-Point: Twelve months credit will be allowed, on giving bond with approved ſecurity to

RICHARD CORBIN.
Laneville, February 14, 1787.

RICHMOND, Feb. 21, 1787.

THE partnerſhip of NIGLA and PEARSON, butchers, being diſſolved. All thoſe indebted to them are deſired to diſcharge their accounts as ſoon as poſſible to

JACOB NIGLA.

☞ *All thoſe indebted to the above partnerſhip are hereby forbid paying any money to George Pearſon, as his receipt will not ſtand good.*

To be diſpoſed of

ON VERY MODERATE TERMS,
THE WHOLE OF MY
Drugs and Medicines,
And SHOP utenſils

As they now ſtand in the city of Richmond. For caſh or James river tobacco. Credit will be allowed on giving bond with good ſecurity.

3w WM CARTER, Sen.
Williamſburg, Dec. 30, 1786.

HANOVER, February 8, 1787.

THE ſubſcriber takes this public method to inform his CREDITORS, that he is now able to pay all his DEBTS, and being very anxious every man ſhould have his own, ſolicits them to apply at Philip Level's for payment, from their very

Humble ſervant,
JOHN STARKE, Jun.

TAKEN up in Henrico at my plantation on James river called Verino the 5th of March 1785, a bay MARE, about ſix years old, four feet ſeven inches high, neither docked nor branded, a ſmall ſtar in her forehead. Appraiſed to twelve pounds.

THOMAS M. RANDOLPH.

BLANKS,

MAY BE HAD AT THIS OFFICE.

POETRY.

POLITENESS.

"LEARN'D we all can never be, or bright,
But we may all be, if we please, polite:
We are not fitted, all, on themes to join,
Which depth demand, and on those themes to shine;
But we, in converse, may avoid offence,
And ev'n by saying nothing, shew our sense.
Too oft on subjects far above our reach,
Scorning to learn, presumptuously we teach;
Too oft dispos'd to cavil and debate,
We friends affronting, enemies create;
Too oft exhibit proofs of brilliant wit,
On Satire's rock, we running headlong split;
And while we aim to prove superior parts,
Weak heads discover; or corrupted hearts."

STANZAS,

Written on a Lady before Marriage.

FIERCE sickness leading to the grave,
And mocking every art,
Seiz'd me the moment Delia gave,
Or feign'd to give her heart.

May fate permit me, if that fate
By pray'r is to be gain'd,
Rather to die and think it true,
Than live and know it feign'd.

Traits of the Character, and Anecdotes of the author of Tristram Shandy, not generally known.

AT school, Mr. Sterne would only learn when he pleased, which was not oftener than once a fortnight; from the academy, in proper course of time, he was removed to the university; there he studied little, laughed a great deal, and was particularly fond of puzzling his tutors; he left Cambridge with the character of a singular man, without guile, who possessed considerable talents whenever he thought proper to use them. After his ordination, he rested himself quietly on the lap of the church, and if it was not covered with a fringed cushion, to a man of his easy disposition, it was not distitute of charms. In this situation, he waited patiently till time and chance should raise him to what they pleased: But here he fell into a dispute, which made him first feel his own consequence, and to which the public perhaps are indebted for the origin of Tristram Shandy.

Friendship, not his own immediate concerns, was the cause; a person who had a very good sinecure post for life, wanted it continued to his lady, and his son after her decease. The friend of Yorick was against this, and warmly opposed the proposal; each side were equally positive, in this state of the contention, Yorick attacked the monopolifer in a little satirical production, which he entitled "The history of a good warm watch-coat, with which the possessor could not be content to cover his own body, unless he might also cut out of it a petti-coat for his wife, and likewise a pair of breeches for his son." This had the desired effect, the knowledge of its contents soon came to the ears of the unreasonable claimant, he immediately sent the author word that if he would suppress the publication of it, he would on his part, desist all further contension. Yorick, who by this time had deliberately perused the pages, sent back word, that the gentleman might rest satisfied, he had already thrown it into the fire, because it was too harsh and ill-natured. The reason of his destroying it was considered as a proof of the goodness of his heart, which pleased the few odd people who had a similar turn, and raised his reputation more than any thing he could have published on the occasion.

An incident occured about the same time, which contributed much to establish his reputation for wit. There was a coffee room in the principal inn, where gentlemen who frequented the house might read the newspapers; one of the greatest enjoyments of Yorick's life, was spending an inoffensive hour in a snug corner of this room. There was a troop of horse at that time quartered in the the town; one of the officers was a gay young man, spoiled by the free education of the world, but not destitute of good qualities; this young gentleman was remarkable for his freedom of conversation, and pointed reflections against the clergy. The modest Yorick was often constrained to hear toasts he could not approve, and conversations shocking to the ear of delicacy, and was frequently obliged to move his seat, or pretend deafness. The Captain resolving this conduct should no longer avail him, seated himself by Yorick, so as to prevent his retreat, and immediately began a profane indecent tale, at the expense of the clerical profession, with his eyes fixed stedfastly on Yorick, who pretended for some time not to notice his ill-manners; when that became impossible, he turned to the military intruder, and gravely said, "Sir, I'll tell you my story; my father is an officer, and is so brave himself that he is fond of every thing else that is brave, even to his dog: You must know we have at this time one of the finest creatures in the world, of this kind; the most spirited, yet the best natured that can be immagined; so lively that charms every body; but he has a cursed trick that throws a shade over all his good qualities.—Pray, what may that be? interrogated the officer: he never sees a clergyman but he instantly flies at him, answered Yorick;—how long has he had that trick? why sir, replied the divine, with a significant look, ever since he was a puppy. The man of war for once blushed; and after a pause, "Doctor, says he, I thank you for your hint—give me your hand, I'll never rail at a parson again as long as I live."

These, and a number of pleasant repartees, always conducted with temper, and strongly enforced with good sense, established his character as a first rate wit, and perfect master of humour in the country.

About this period of time, Mr. Sterne printed the two first volumes of Tristram Shandy at York, and sent a parcel of them up to a bookseller in London; they were unknown, and scarcely advertised, but thus friendless, made their way to the closet of every person of taste, and introduced their author to the tables of the most distinguished persons in the kingdom; and to what he always spoke of as one of the greatest acquisitions he ever made, the friendship of the justly admired and lamented Mr Garrick.

At Norfolk, for Liverpool,

THE BRIGANTINE
KITTY,
JOHN HUSTON, Master.

BURTHEN 180 hogsheads, is a very strong vessel with a Mediterranean pass, will receive tobacco or naval stores, to the address of Messrs. Crosbie & Greenwood, merchants there.—— For terms apply to the Captain on board, or to

Who has for sale, on board the
KITTY,
A few barrels of good
ANTIGUA SUGARS,
AND SOME COALS.
ROBERT HAYES.

I will sell on reasonable terms for cash, tobacco or naval stores,
An extensive ASSORTMENT of
FALL GOODS,
NAILS,
LOAF SUGAR,
By the package, &c. now laying
AT NORFOLK.

NORFOLK, Dec. 26, 1786.

THOMAS BREND,
Book Binder and Stationer,

INFORMS the public in general, and his old customers in particular, that he now occupies a shop near the market house; where he carries on his business in all its various branches, merchants may be furnished with any kind of blank account books, made and ruled to any pattern given. County court clerks, and sheriffs, with record and other books for the use of their different offices.

He has on hand a variety of

Blank account books,
Latin, greek, and French school books,
Dictionaries of various languages,
A small collection of new novels, and other English books,
Also bibles, testaments, spelling books, and primmers,
Ink stands of various sorts. and sizes,
Pounce and sand boxes,
Quills wax, and wafers of the first quality,
Pocket-books, and letter cases,
Slates and pencils,
Indian rubbers,
Letter folders,
Money scales and weights,
And a few dozen of the very highest finished pen knives,

Also a variety of other articles in the Stationary way too tedious to enumerate.

A few copies of
STARK's JUSTICE,
Are still on hand.

N. B. By sundry losses which I have sustained by giving credit, and considering the small stock I have for carrying on my business, I am come to a determined resolution to give no further credit but to such as have been pointed in their payments; and therefore I beg that those who should want any thing in my way for the future (that do not live in this city) either to send the money, or appoint some citizen to pay it for them.

To be Hired,
A HEARTY YOUNG
NEGRO WOMAN,
WHO CAN WASH,
And do the drugery of a small Family. Inquire of the Printer.

MONS. VEACK,

BEGS leave to inform the gentlemen of Richmond, that he has opened a house in the back street, at the foot of Col. Adams's hill, where he proposes to teach the art of FENCING. He flatters himself that his skill and the moderate compensation which he will demand for his trouble, will induce most of the young gentlemen in this city and its neighbourhood, to acquire this useful and necessary accomplishment.

☞ The terms are one guinea at entrance, and eighteen shillings per month.

*** He may be found at the abovementioned place at any time between the hours of 9 and one o'clock.

Richmond, February 13, 1787.

FOR SALE,

At HANOVER COURTHOUSE, on the first Thursday in March next, if fair, otherwise the next fair day.

50 choice SLAVES,

Consisting of Men, Women, & Children.

Some of them will be sold for ready cash, others on nine months credit, for which bonds with good security, payable in tobacco or specie at its present rate, will be required. THOMAS NELSON, Jun.

YORK TOWN, February 11, 1787.

CITY OF RICHMOND, Feb. 12.

ABSCONDED from my service,
GEORGE HEATH, jun. an apprentice to the Cabinet and Joiners business, who went off without any provocation or complaint. I therefore give this public notice to all masters of the above business, or others, not to employ or harbour him, at their peril.

JOHN CLARK.

To be Sold,

To the highest bidder in the city of Richmond, before the Court-House on the first Monday in March next, for ready money, tobacco at the market price, or such merchants notes as may be approved of.

About twenty likely
SLAVES,
Consisting of MEN,
WOMEN,
BOYS and GIRLS,
Belonging to the estate of the Rev. Mr. William Coutt's deceased.

As several judgments for considerable sums have been obtained against Mr. Coutt's estate. Indulgence cannot be given to his debtors, therefore suits will certainly be commenced against those who shall fail to make payment by the 10th of March next; all persons who have demands against the said estate, are desired to make them known to

JOHN M'KEAND,
BENJAMIN LEWIS,
ALEXANDER M'ROBERT, } Ex'ors.

N. B. We will sell on short credit, about twenty

HALF ACRE LOTS,
In the City of RICHMOND.
A L S O
Part of the plantation adjoining the city, on which Mr. Coutt's lived, the plantation land will be laid off in such parcels as may suit purchasers.

Henrico, February 13, 1787.

HONOVER TOWN, Feb. 1, 1787.

ALL persons having claims against Colonel William Digges, of Bellfield, York county, are desired to bring them in to me, being authorised to settle them.

WILLIAM WALLER.

HAMPTON, February 6, 1787.

THERE are now in the jail of this county, two runaway negroes, viz. GEORGE and MARK. George says he belongs to Levin Ryley, in Maryland, near Snowhill, he is about 16 or 17 years old, of a yellowish complexion, about 5¼ feet high.

MARK says he belongs to Joseph Newby, in North Carolina, his fore and middle finger on his left hand, grow part of the way together, and says it was occasioned by a burn when he was small, he also has a scar under his left eye, occasioned by a framing gouge. The owners of the above negroes are desired to prove their property, pay charges, and take them away.

GEORGE WRAY.